**Protocol** 

# pIMAGO-biotin Phosphoprotein Detection on 96-well Plate using Avidin-HRP

# **Components provided:**

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Phosphorylated protein (β-casein) as a control (mix 5 μL with 95 μL Binding buffer; store at 4°C);
Blocking buffer (store at 4°C);
pIMAGO buffer (store at 4 to 25°C);
Binding buffer (store at 4°C);
pIMAGO reagent (store at 4°C);
avidin-HRP (store at 4°C);
Colorimetric Detection Substrates A and B (store at 4°C);
Stop Solution (store at 4 to 25°C);
96-well plate for colorimetric detection;
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# **Protocol**

**Need to prepare:** 1x TBST (Tris-buffered saline with 0.1% Tween 20)

#### 1) Binding of samples to the 96-well plate

Prepare a protein solution of your sample (phosphoprotein or substrate of interest) in **Binding buffer**. A dephosphorylated (e.g. alkaline phosphatase-treated or without ATP) form of the sample should also be prepared as a reference. If protein amount is known, use 10 to 500 ng of the protein or mixture of proteins per 100  $\mu$ l of **Binding buffer** per well. Add 100  $\mu$ l of the mix into each well on a 96-well plate. Incubate overnight at 4°C at 400-600 rpm to bind the proteins to the plate. As a positive control, in a separate well mix 5  $\mu$ L of the provided phosphoprotein with 95  $\mu$ L of Binding buffer.

### 2) Blocking the wells

Remove solution from wells, add 150  $\mu$ l of the **Blocking buffer** into each well and incubate 2-3 minutes. Remove the solution and add 150  $\mu$ l of the **Blocking buffer** again and incubate for 30 min while shaking at 400-600 rpm at room temperature.

\*At this stage, any additional manipulations can be carried out (e.g. kinase/phosphatase assay, inhibitor screening, etc.). Make sure to wash the wells 3x with the **1x TBST** after each manipulation.\*

#### 3) pIMAGO incubation

In a clean tube, prepare a 1 to 100 mixture of the **pIMAGO reagent** in the **pIMAGO buffer** (1  $\mu$ l of the reagent for every 100  $\mu$ l of buffer). Empty the wells and add 100  $\mu$ l per well of the prepared pIMAGO mix. Incubate 1 hour at 400-600 rpm at room temperature.

#### 3) Washing the wells

Empty the wells and add 150  $\mu$ l of the **pIMAGO buffer** into each well; incubate 2-3 minutes at 400-600 rpm. Remove the buffer and repeat the washing step two more times with the **pIMAGO buffer** for a total of 3 washes. Remove the solution and incubate the wells with 150  $\mu$ l of the **Blocking buffer** for 15 min at 400-600 rpm at room temperature.

#### 4) Incubation with avidin-HRP

In a clean tube, prepare 1 to 100 mixture of **avidin-HRP** in the **Blocking buffer** (1  $\mu$ l of **avidin-HRP** in 100  $\mu$ l of **Blocking buffer**). Empty the wells and add 100  $\mu$ l per well of the prepared avidin-HRP in blocking solution. Incubate the plate for 1 hour at 400-600 rpm at room temperature.

#### 5) Washing the wells

Empty the wells and add 150  $\mu$ l of **1x TBST** into each well; incubate 2-3 minutes at 400-600 rpm and remove the solution. Repeat the washing step with TBST two more times for a total of three washes. Empty the wells.

## 6) Signal detection

For normal and high concentrations of the proteins (majority of *in vitro* samples), use the provided colorimetry-based detection system. Prepare 9 to 1 mixture of the **Colorimetric Substrates A and B** (has to be made fresh each time before detection), and add  $100~\mu l$  to each well. Shake the plate until satisfied with signal – solution will turn green if signal is present (usually 1-2 min), then add  $150~\mu l$  of the **Stop solution** to stop the HRP-substrate reaction. Read the plate at 415 nm in a plate reader.

\* Alternatively, any other peroxidase substrate can be used (chromogenic or chemiluminescent). However, for chemiluminescence-based detection, a different plate with non-transparent walls must be used. \*